

Programme: BALLB  
 Course: Legal Language & English II  
 Course Code: 24F.107  
 Enrolment no. \_\_\_\_\_

 Full Marks: 70  
 Time: 3 Hrs.

Q.No	Questions	CO	Bloom Taxonomy Category	Marks
<b>Section I</b>				
1	<b>Short Answer type questions.</b>			
a	Barriers to communication can hinder effective interaction and lead to unproductive conversations. Discuss five such barriers to communication in legal settings.	CO1	Understand	<b>4 x 5 = 20</b>
	or			
b	What is paralanguage in non-formal communication? How is it used in the courtroom?	CO1	Remember	
	or			
c	Describe the meaning of "Res Ipsa Loquitur" with help of an illustration.	CO2	Remember	
	or			
d	Explain "Fiat Justitia Ruat Caelum" and its relevance in contemporary scenario.	CO2	Remember	
	or			
c	Define the following legal terms: i. Bailee ii. Authority iii. Coercion iv. Claimant v. Cadaver	CO1	Remember	
	or			
d	Define the following: i. Bailee ii. Convict iii. Defamation iv. Coercion v. De Jure	CO1	Remember	
	or			
d	Write a short note on the importance of simplicity of structure in legal writing. Why is it important in court documents?	CO2	Understand	
	or			
	Illuminate how clarity and consciousness can enhance legal communication.	CO2	Remember	
<b>Section II</b>				
	<b>Long Answer type questions.</b>			
2	Communication has various challenges associated with it. Highlight the challenges associated with legal communication and how they can be resolved relevant example.	CO1	Analyze	<b>3 x 10 = 30</b>
	or			
3	'Legal terminology in regional languages plays a pivotal role in access to justice. Urdu, being widely used in legal documents and proceedings in several jurisdictions, includes many such crucial terms.' Explain any ten legal terms in Urdu of your choice. For each term, provide the English equivalent, a brief explanation, and a relevant legal illustration or example to demonstrate its practical usage.	CO1	Apply	
	or			
3	Use the following foreign phrases in sentences to show their meaning: i. Ipso facto ii. Sine die iii. Déjà vu iv. Inter alia v. Alma mater	CO1	Remember	
	or			
4	Identify the legal terms, give their meaning and explanations of the terms if any, in the passage given below: Despite being a convict, the defendant claimed bad faith in the process, arguing that the authority had ignored key evidence. His guardian submitted a detailed appeal, referencing the body of laws concerning juvenile rights. The court, sitting ad interim, allowed temporary relief. Meanwhile, media treated the case as a bête noire, while the defence cited international norms, inter alia, to strengthen their position. In the final judgment, the bench emphasized the importance of justice de jure, not just de facto.	CO1	Remember	
	or			
4	Issue, Rule, Application, and Conclusion forms the backbone of structured legal analysis. Define the IRAC method and describe how it is used in legal brief writing with relevant examples.	CO2	Understand	
	or			
	Discuss the fundamental principles of effective legal writing? Discuss the significance of consciousness, clarity, cogency, and simplicity of structure with suitable examples.	CO2	Understand	
<b>Section III</b>				
	<b>Application based questions</b>			
5	Cultural sensitivity is especially important for lawyers, judges, and legal professionals who work in diverse, multilingual societies. Outline the role of culture and language sensitivity in legal communication. Illustrate how lack of cultural awareness may lead to miscommunication or injustice.	CO1	Evaluate	<b>1 x 20 = 20</b>
	or			
	Discuss the importance of non-verbal communication in legal World. Explain different types such as paralanguage, body language, and proximity used in courtroom.	CO1	Apply	

**COURSE OUTCOME**

CO1 Student will be able to develop knowledge, skills, and judgment around human communication that facilitate their ability to work collaboratively with others.

CO2 Student will be able to enhance skills in communication competencies such as managing conflict, understanding small group processes, active listening, appropriate self-disclosure, etc.